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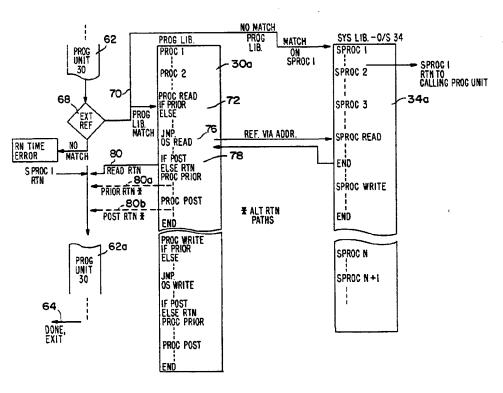
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(71) Applicant: OVERLORD, INC. [US/US]; 90 South LaSalle Street, Suite 2760, Chicago, IL 60603 (US).

(72) Inventor: KENNEDY, Donald, J.; 1725 Westbridge Court, Southbridge Commons, Schamburg, IL 60194 (US).

(74) Agents: VARGO, Paul, M. et al.; Dressler, Goldsmith, Shore & Milnamow, Two Prudential Plaza, Suite 4700, Chicago, IL 60601 (US).

(54) Title: INTERCEPTION SYSTEM AND METHOD INCLUDING USER INTERFACE



(57) Abstract

A method of intercepting pre-existing computer instructions in order to modify and/or enhance pre-existing program units (30) and supply user entry points determines, in one or more embodiments, if a reference can be found in a program unit (30). If so located, the corresponding method provides user code entry points (steps 72, 78) before and after the intercepted instruction, perhaps in modified and/or enhanced form, is executed (step 76). Blocks of user supplied code can be provided at the entry points to enhance, upgrade, and/or expand upon the incrercepted instruction, thereby enhancing the pre-existing program unit (30).

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- 1 -

INTERCEPTION SYSTEM AND METHOD INCLUDING USER INTERFACE

Field of the Invention

The invention relates to single and multiprocessor computer systems that supply system services to requesting program units running on or in such systems. More particularly, the invention relates to methods of enhancing or modifying the run-time operation of selected, pre-existing program units.

10 Background of the Invention

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Computer systems have, over a period of years, evolved from stand-alone individual processors to various forms of multi-processor systems. Many computer systems use program units, sometimes referred to simply as "programs".

The program units contain computer instructions which the computer system can execute in order to perform specific functions. These program units may have been created from other program units. However, in most cases, a human being was involved at some point in the creation of the set of computer instructions being executed.

Program units are intended to meet certain known or projected needs when implemented. However, most program units designed in the past or being designed in the present will not conform to all future needs.

Prior art systems have approached the need to be flexible to deal with future needs in many ways. In many cases, prior approaches have not been cost effective and/or do not allow the user many options on their implementation.

- 2 -

The evolution and combination of new hardware systems, new operating systems, new program units, new system procedures, new data structures, or new user interfaces may require that the original program units be modified, recompiled, or worse, abandoned due to compatibility and/or cost related problems. Some of the prior art approaches require extensive training on both the use and implementation of these methods. Some users may not be able to afford the time, money, and human resources to implement the prior art approaches.

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This need for flexibility in updating or modifying existing programs is especially apparent in multi-processor distributed systems. Several different types of problems have provided the impetus to the drive toward multi-processor systems.

One impetus has been a desire to share information more effectively among diverse users. An approach to this problem has been to couple a variety of processors, which may or may not be the same, together via a local area network. Such networks enable many different individuals and their associated processors to have access to common information and to have access to one another.

Yet another impetus toward multi-processor environments has been a desire to create highly reliable computer systems out of less reliable components. Such systems are typically used in environments such as banking, transaction processing, or inventory control, wherein reliability is of paramount importance.

One such family of computer systems is marketed by Tandem of Cupertino, California. Tandem systems can be implemented in stand-alone, multiple processor configurations, or as multiple interconnected nodes. Each node corresponds to one or more multiple processor systems.

- 3 -

Where major program systems, which might include dozens of program units, to support multiple remote transaction terminals or inventory control functions are installed and running on a production basis in a multiple processor environment, the abovenoted problem of updating and maintaining program units becomes very difficult and expensive to solve. For example, a new operating system might be adopted by the hardware vendor. In such an instance, the system operator might have to install the new operating system to receive continuing support and operating system maintenance.

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If the change in operating systems is not transparent to the existing program systems, they may need to be modified or recompiled. This process is not only expensive and time consuming, but in a multi-program, multi-processor environment can result in errors which could cause catastrophic results.

In addition, where the software had been obtained from a third party vendor, the user might not have the source code or documentation necessary to make modifications, expansions, or recompilations. Worse yet, the third party vendor will, in all likelihood, not continue to support or provide new releases to the user.

Thus, there continues to be a need to be able to safely upgrade or modify existing programs in a cost effective fashion as the requirements or the environment change. Preferably, this need could be met by system operating personnel without a need to return to the original software vendor or to modify the original provided program units.

In addition, in a multiple processor system, the operating environment is continuously changing. As a result, the mix of resources, available processors, and the like, available each time a program unit or a

process is initiated, will be different, depending on what other program units or processes are active at any given time.

Thus, there is continuous problem of resource allocation and management which must be addressed in such systems. One known approach, marketed by the assignee of the present application under the name of "Automatic Network Balancing System" for Tandem computers, provides resource allocation services and resource management in such environments based on predetermined and fixed allocation methods.

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In the known automatic network balancing system, the performance factors which are taken into account to select the best or most appropriate processor to which a process is to be allocated, include availability or busy state of a given processor, available memory, swap rate, dispatch rate, memory queue length, jobs that are available on the ready list, as well a number of others. The various performance factors are evaluated using a weighing system. The processor which appears to be most appropriate is then selected to run the process.

The known load balancing system has been very successful and can be used to substantially increase performance of Tandem-like systems. Nevertheless, the method of selecting the most appropriate processor to be allocated to carry out a given task does not take into account site or user needs for diversity or customization between one installation and another.

Thus, there continues to be a need for a more flexible approach which can take into account variations from site to site. Preferably, such an approach could be implemented to allow site specific input to the processor selection process or to expand upon the services provided to a given process which is being

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executed. Preferably, the implementation will be transparent to the respective process.

Summary of the Invention

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This invention is directed to an apparatus and a method of run-time interception of pre-existing computer instructions in program units in order to support user hooks or entry points which can be used to modify and/or enhance the originating and/or receiving program units, at the user's discretion. As a result, the program units can meet the user's present needs and allow modification by the users, on an as needed basis, to support the future needs. Using the present invention, this can be accomplished without requiring the support and/or guidance and/or expertise of the original authors and/or inventors of the program units being intercepted or any additional physical, electronics, or mechanical device.

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The above result is achieved by intercepting system service calls which are made by executing program units at run time when the program units request that the operating system of the computer system provide a service on their behalf. The interception can take place in the main program units, user library program units, system library program units, or a combination of the program units listed above.

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The method also contemplates that the interception of the system service calls and user hooks or entry points would be placed in several types of program units. This gives the users many options as to where the interceptions of the system service calls will take place. Further, it allows the user to implement the invention on a program unit by program unit basis, if desired, or to implement the invention on a system by system basis.

- 6 -

In accordance with one aspect of the invention, an apparatus and a method are provided for altering or translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function. Site or user defined steps or functions can be incorporated into the process for customization or specialization.

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The method can be used, for example, for allocating resources within a multiple processor computer system. In other aspects of the invention, different types of functions can be implemented beyond those specified in the pre-existing method.

The method includes detecting a step which is a candidate for alteration. The alteration process could include carrying out a different function from that which the step initially requested, or for translating or expanding upon the step.

A determination is made if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-alteration set of steps is to be executed before carrying out one or more predetermined altering or translating steps. In response to this determining step, the group of site or user supplied pre-alteration or pre-translation steps is executed as indicated.

The method then includes executing the one or more predefined altering or translating steps. Such steps could include, in accordance with one aspect of the invention, determining which of a plurality of available resources is to be used to carry out the requested step which is the candidate for alteration.

Alternately, the predefined altering steps could provide enhanced functions not called for in the original candidate steps. Such enhanced functions may have become desirable, so long as they can be provided

- 7 -

so as to be transparent to the original candidate step or steps.

The method then makes a determination as to whether or not there are one or more post-alteration, site or user supplied steps. These steps can then be executed as indicated after executing the set of altering steps.

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In accordance with yet another aspect of the invention, the method can be used for the purpose of allocating resources within a multiple node, multiple processor system. Each of the nodes can include one or more computer processors. The nodes can be physically displaced from one another, and can be coupled together via communication lines.

This aspect includes the steps of:

carrying out a sequence of steps in a

predetermined process;

detecting a step in the sequence which is to be carried out and which is a candidate for translation; intercepting the detected step and determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps exists;

interrupting the sequence and executing the user supplied pre-translation set of steps as indicated;

translating the candidate step into a predetermined sequence of one or more predetermined translated steps;

subsequent to the translation step, determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps exists;

executing the user supplied, post-translation set of steps as indicated; and

returning to the sequence of steps immediately after the detected step, thereby continuing the process.

- 8 -

In yet another aspect of the invention, the method can be used for the purpose of resource allocation for the purpose of not only optimizing processing throughput, but also for the purpose of creating redundant databases automatically in spaced apart locations for purposes of other functions, such as disaster recovery, for instance.

These and other aspects and attributes of the present invention will be discussed subsequently with reference to the following drawings and accompanying specification.

Brief Description Of The Drawing

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Figure 1 is a schematic diagram of a multiple node, multiple processor network;

Figure 2 is a schematic diagram of an environment in which a program unit might be executed;

Figure 3 is a flow diagram of a method in accordance with the present invention; and

Figure 4 is a flow diagram of an alternate method in accordance with the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

While this invention is susceptible of embodiment in many different forms, there is shown in the drawing, and will be described herein in detail, specific embodiments thereof with the understanding that the present disclosure is to be considered as an exemplification of the principles of the invention and is not intended to limit the invention to the specific embodiments illustrated.

The present method makes it possible for a program user or a system operator to update and modify pre-existing programs without requiring the recompiling of the source codes of the respective program unit(s).

- 9 -

This is accomplished by intercepting selected calls or references to procedures, program units, or variables that can be external or internal to a pre-existing executing program unit. One type of interceptable instruction is an operating system service call.

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On interception, the operating system will look for the called procedure in a library linked to the executing program unit, if such exists. In the absence of a program related library, or in the absence of a match with the called procedure in the executing program unit, the operating system will then attempt to find the called procedure or program unit in its system library.

Where a match is found in either the program library or the system library, that procedure or program unit is then executed. If there is no match, an indication of a run-time error should be returned to the calling program unit.

The present method makes available "user hooks" in the respective library procedures or program units. The phrase "user hooks" as used herein refers to intentionally created entry points or steps wherein a user or system operator can insert one or more computer instructions (blocks of code) for the purpose of transparently updating or modifying the executing program unit. Hence, the user has greater control over its computer system(s) and is able to make modifications or enhancements outside of the executing program unit. This avoids any need to modify or recompile that program unit.

Another advantage of the present method is that it can be used where the program library is incorporated into the program unit itself. The user hooks provide a way for a user or operator to create a bridge between various versions or releases of software packages, as well as program units.

Figure 1 illustrates schematically a multiple processor computer network 10. The network 10 includes a plurality of nodes 12 through 18.

Each of the nodes 12 through 18 can include one or more computer systems. Representative examples include Tandem-type multiple processor computer systems which might include up to 16 processor modules.

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It will be understood that a node, such as node 12, could be implemented as a stand-alone, single processor computer system. Neither the number of processors, nor the architecture thereof, nor the presence or absence of communication links are a limitation of the present invention. The present invention can be advantageously practiced in conjunction with a single, stand-alone system.

Each of the nodes 12 through 18 can communicate with at least one other node via communication channels, such as the channels 20a through 20e. The network 10 can be geographically disbursed with the nodes 12 through 18 coupled, at least in part, via long distance communication links or other communications methods.

Figure 2 illustrates schematically a program unit 30 which is to be executed on a processor 32. As is conventional, the program unit 30 communicates with the processor 32 via an operating system 34. The operating system 34 provides a variety of services to the executing program unit.

The program unit 30 and operating system 34 would normally be stored in one or more storage devices or units of the processor 32. The details of such storage and the process wherein the operating system 34 initiates executing of the program unit 30 on the processor 32 are known and are not a limitation of the present invention.

- 11 -

As has long been recognized, one aspect of an operating system is to enhance the efficiency of utilization of the processor 32 as well as to improve the speed and ease of creation of programs such as the program unit 30. In this regard, the operating system 34 provides a variety of predefined commands, so-called "System Service Calls" (SSC), which carry out certain predefined functions when requested by a calling program unit.

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Representative system service calls include a command to carry out a "read" function. A "read" request, based on supplied parameters, could request a read from a disk drive or other types of magnetic storage, or could request a read from a terminal or other devices.

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Alternately, the operating system might support a system service call, such as a "write" to a storage unit or a device. A "write" request could send data or programs to communication lines, printers, or the like. A more extensive list of system service calls of a type supported by Tandem's GUARDIAN Operating System is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

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In accordance with the present invention, there is interposed between the program unit 30 and the operating system 34 a functional layer 36 which includes the "user hooks" or entry points. At these points, an operator, a user, or a site can expand upon or modify external references or calls intercepted by the operating system.

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Once an instruction has been intercepted, a first user hook is then checked or executed. This entry point can include an initial block of user or operator supplied code. This initial or "prior" block is to be executed before any modification and/or enhancement of

the function which is the subject of the intercepted instruction is carried out.

The intercepted call or service request may then be executed as required. This execution, as described below, can be modified and/or enhanced, or expanded upon in a predetermined fashion.

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Then, a second user hook or entry point may be checked or executed to determine whether or not there is any post-translation, user, or site specific code which is to be executed. If so, that code is executed. Finally, appropriate parameters and/or data may be returned to the program unit 30 which had previously made the service request or call.

In accordance with the present invention, the interception process is carried out in one embodiment using a hierarchy that is very often imposed by the operating system between program library calls and system library calls. As a first step in carrying out the call or the functional request, if a program library 30a is associated with the program unit 30, the operating system 34 checks the program library 30a first to determine if the intercepted external reference or call is present in the program library.

By providing counterparts in the library 30a to some or all of the system service calls or functions of the operating system 34 before the operating system intercepts requests for such services from the program unit, the corresponding procedure in the program (not the system) library will be executed. This provides a vehicle to modify or expand such requests in a predetermined fashion.

Hence, by associating with the program library structure 30a, a plurality of modified operating system calls, when the program 30 executes a particular service call, service can be provided in accordance with that

- 13 -

request. In addition, on a substantially transparent basis to the executing program unit, the service can be enhanced and/or modified, or completely changed in a predetermined fashion. If and when the appropriate parameters and/or data are then returned to the program unit 30, that program can then continue executing subsequent instructions.

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It will be understood that the library 30a is not required to practice the present method. An equivalent structure can be implemented in the operating system 34 as discussed subsequently or in the program unit 30 itself.

Example 1 illustrates the process.

Subsequently referred to line numbers are listed along the left-hand margin of Example 1.

In Example 1, a read operation present in the program unit 30 could be intercepted and/or modified or translated on a substantially transparent basis in the interface layer 36. Line 40 of Example 1, defines the procedure to be executed as a "read" function with n parameters associated therewith.

The read process begins in a line 42. Line 44 represents a first user hook or entry point. A call is made to a procedure which includes one or more previously specified site specific or operator specific instructions which are not normally part of the "read" procedure. Subsequent to the execution of the procedure of line 44, the actual "read" procedure can be carried out as indicated schematically in line 46.

It should be noted that the actual read procedure which could be carried out could be a read procedure which is expanded and/or substantially different from the originally contemplated and specified read procedure in the calling program unit 30. Thus, a

bridging function can be provided, if necessary, between different program versions and/or releases.

- 15 -

	40	PROC READ $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
	42	BEGIN
	44	CALL PRIOR $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
	46	JUMP TO READ FUNCTION VIA 0/S LOGICAL ADDRESS
5	48	CALL POST $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
	50	END
		PROC PRIOR $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
10		BEGIN USER INSTRUCTIONS CAN BE INSERTED AT THIS POINT IF DESIRED
		END
		PROC POST $(1, 2 \ldots n)$
		BEGIN USER INSTRUCTIONS CAN BE INSERTED AT THIS POINT IF
15	•	DESIRED END

20 EXAMPLE 1

Line 48 is a second user hook or entry point. A procedure is called which includes one or more site specific or operator specific instructions which may be carried out after the read function is carried out. The end of the procedure is indicated in line 50.

It will be understood that the location, number, or function of the user hooks are not a limitation of the present invention. In addition, the present invention contemplates the use of multi-levels of entry points, such as in the program unit, the program library, or the system library.

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Upon a return from the read procedure of Example 1 to the program unit 30, that program will continue execution which can be based on returned parameters or data, if any, which resulted from the read procedure initiated therein. Hence, information actually supplied to the program unit 30 could come from a completely different location and/or source than that originally contemplated by the program unit 30 and this change could be completely transparent thereto.

Figure 3 illustrates a flow diagram of an embodiment of the method of the present invention. The process of Figure 3 will be explained below in combination with the text of Example 1. In the embodiment of Figure 3, the program library 30a has been previously linked to the program unit 30 and is available at run time. Using the above-noted hierarchal approach, the operating system 34 checks the library 30a first when the program unit 30 calls an external function or service, or tries to initiate execution of an external procedure.

The library 30a has been previously loaded with procedures corresponding to at least some of the external references for the program 30. The names of some of the previously loaded library procedures must be

the same as the names of system service calls that are to be expanded upon and/or modified. (Usually, this is regarded as an error to be carefully avoided!)

In addition, it is necessary to be able to acquire, usually via the operating system, the logical address(es) of the respective system service call(s) in the operating system's library to be intercepted. The respective library procedure requires this information to be able to call that service function without using the name thereof.

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For instance, in Example 1, a "read" system service call is to be intercepted and/or modified. The program library, as a result, includes a PROC READ. In line 46, to call the actual read in the operating system library, a: JUMP TO LOGICAL ADDRESS OF SSC READ must be executed to prevent PROC READ from calling itself.

Referring to Figure 3, the execution of the program unit 30 has been previously initiated. Step 62 represents execution of the program unit 30 until an external request of some sort is made or until the program unit 30 is completed, at which point it terminates in a step 64.

In the event that the program unit 30 makes an external request, such as a request for a "read" or "write" for example, the operating system 34, in step 68, first checks the program library 30a, if any, to determine whether or not this function or procedure is found therein. If the called function, procedure, or external reference is located by the operating system 34 in the library 30a, for example, the "read" procedure of Example 1, that procedure is initiated.

In a step 72, the first user hook or entry point is encountered. This corresponds to the call at line 44 of Example 1. If there exists operator or site specific procedures and/or code, such steps should be

executed. This corresponds to carrying out the procedure of line 44 of Example 1.

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In a step 76, the system service call or other function, called by program unit 30, is carried out, corresponding to carrying out the "read" function of line 46 of Example 1. The executed procedure from the operating system that is executed may be <u>different</u> from that contemplated by the creator of the program unit 30.

In a step 78, the second or "post" user hook or entry point is encountered. This corresponds to carrying out the procedure of line 48 of Example 1. Then, there is a return to execution of the program unit 30 in a step 80. While executing user hook instructions, alternate return paths, such as step 80a or step 80b could be provided by the user.

In this example, if the called procedure or service request is not found in the library 30a, and if it is in the system library, then, in a step 70, the requested service or procedure is carried out, perhaps in combination with other services of the operating system 34. Any necessary parameters and/or data are returned to the program unit 30 which continues executing in step 62a.

As can be observed from the process of Figure 3, as a result of the site specific user supplied pretranslation and/or pre-modification steps, the first user hook, such as the process 44, along with the post-translation or post-modification steps, such as the process 48, it is relatively easy for an operator and/or a user to provide extensions, translations, and/or modifications to the original function being requested by the program unit 30. These are all outside of the program unit 30 and are substantially transparent to it.

Figure 4 illustrates an alternate embodiment of the present invention. In the embodiment of Figure

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4, the program unit 30 need not have a library 30a associated therewith.

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However, the names of the procedures or system service calls in the operating system library have been previously altered to distinguish them from the called procedure or "system service call" to be intercepted. With this change, the actual operating system call, under the new name, can subsequently be made. One of these procedures could correspond to the "open" procedure. Renaming pertinent system service routines in the system library, such as "open to "sopen", as illustrated in Figure 4, step 34b, can be done when the operating system is compiled and linked together. In addition, corresponding procedures, as illustrated in Figure 4, step 72a, must be loaded into the system library with the original names of the system service calls to be intercepted.

If the respective system library procedures of the operating system had been previously modified and expanded upon as described above, it would be possible to carry out a corresponding user specified "prior" procedure as identified on line 44 of Example 1 in step 72a, analogous to the step 72 previously discussed. After executing corresponding and/or similar system service calls in step 76a, the user defined instructions represented by the "post" procedure of Example 1 can be executed in a plurality of steps 78a. Subsequently, the operating system 34 returns appropriate parameters and/or data, if any, to the program unit 30, which then continues executing in a step 62a.

Using the previously described method, either the embodiment of Figure 3 or that of Figure 4, makes it possible for a user and/or operator to upgrade, maintain, and/or modify program units, such as the unit 30, to deal with both a changing environment and also

changing functional requirements, now and in the future. It is also possible to modify and/or upgrade system service calls so as to provide substantially different and/or enhanced functions not previously available to the corresponding program units, such as the program unit 30, as well as operating system 34.

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The above-described instruction interceptions are carried out at run-time, and are substantially transparent to the executing program unit. Source code for the program unit is not required to practice the present method.

By making the "user hooks" or entry points available, as described above, both before and after executing the corresponding system service calls, for example, users and/or operators will be able to more effectively manage, maintain, and upgrade their program units in a very cost effective fashion. Further, because the present method is substantially external to the respective program unit, there should be no impact to third party vendor or maintenance relationships.

Additional representative examples of ways in which the methods of Figures 3 and/or 4 could be used include improved resource allocation in a multi-processor environment by including provision for user specific and/or operator specific modification to resource allocation routines. Redundant write operations can be provided when carrying out the write function to provide multiple, substantially transparent, sets of data which can be used for verification, disaster recovery functions or the like.

Thus, in accordance with the present invention a user interface is provided to, on a substantially transparent basis, modify requests made by an executing program unit for a variety of purposes. This modification process takes place substantially outside of the program unit. It can be substantially outside of the associated

operating system but can be readily modified by the operator and/or the user for purposes of customization.

The present invention has been discussed in terms of translating and/or modifying instructions at run time in a program unit, such as the exemplary program unit 30. It will be understood that the present methods can be used with any type of program unit, such as an application, a utility, or the like. Hence, the present method could also be used to translate and/or modify instructions in programs that may be routinely thought of as part of the operating system.

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It will also be understood that the embodiments of Figures 3 and/or 4 could be combined. In addition, it is also within the spirit and scope of the present invention to alternately merge some of the procedures of the program library with the associated main program unit.

Example 2 is a further illustration of the method hereof in source code form.

From the foregoing, it will be observed that numerous variations and modifications may be effected without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. It is to be understood that no limitation with respect to the specific apparatus illustrated herein is intended or should be inferred. It is, of course, intended to cover by the appended claims all such modifications as fall within the scope of the claims.

- 22 -

EXHIBIT A

PARTIAL LIST OF TANDEM'S GUARDIAN OPERATING SYSTEM CALLS (WITHOUT PARAMETERS)

ALTER

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ALTER PRIORITY

10 APS DATA GETPARAM

CONTROL

CREATE

DEFINEADO

DEFINEINFO

15 MEASURINFO

NEWPROCESS

OPEN FILE

PRINTINFO

PRINTREAD

20 READ

WRITE

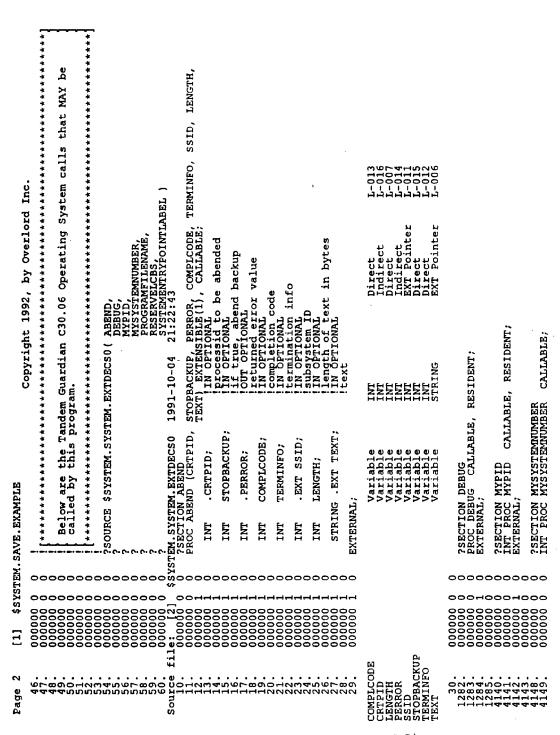
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE

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Page 1

[************************************	Purpose : To demonstrate a method of intercepting pre-exsisting computer instructions in order to modify and or enhance pre-exsisting computer instructions and supply user hooks's, without the requirement and or need of one or more of the following:	1 A. Viewing the original program unit(s) source code. 1 B. Viewing the original program unit(s) object code. 2 Re-compiling the original program unit(s) source code. 3 D. Prior knowledge of the pre-exsisting computer instructions. 4 Lotal knowledge of the users present and or future needs.	Know That	il V. Ine result of the pre-exsisting instructions change. [[K. Guidance or expertise from original authors or inventors. [NOTE : The procedure chosen to intercept is only used as an example and can and could be changed to or combined with any EXTERNAL procedure CALL from a program unit.	If The computer language chosen to demonstrate this example is only is used as an example and can and could be changed to or combined with another computer language.	The computer system chosen to demonstrate this example on is only used as an example and can and could be changed to or combined with another computer system or a number of combinations of computer systems.	The intercept method used to demonstrate this example is only used as one example of the method and can and could be changed in order to comply with other computer systems operating systems.	**************************************
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SYSTEM.SYSTEM.EXTDECSU 1 0 EXTERNAL;	0 ?SECTION PROGRAMFILENAME 0 PROC PROGRAMFILENAME (NAME) CALLABLE; 0 INT .NAME; 0 FYLENAL;	Variable INT Indirect L-003	0 ?SECTION RESERVEICES (RECEIVECNT, SENDCNT) CALLABLE; 0 PROC RESERVEICES (RECEIVECNT; INT RECEIVECNT; INT SENDCNT; IN INT SENDCNT; IN INT SENDCNT; IN INT SENDCNT; IN INT SENDING 0 EXTERNAL;	Variable INT Direct L-004 Variable INT Direct L-003	0 ?SECTION SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL 0 INT PROC SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL (NAME, LEN) CALLABLE; 0 STRING .NAME; 1 IN 0 EXTERNAL;	Variable INT Direct L-003 Variable STRING Indirect L-004	SM.SAVE.EXAMPLE 1992-1 SOURCE \$SYSTEM.ZGUARD. M.ZGUARD.PCPUCTL 1991 SECTION GETPEEKSTATIST INT PROC GETPEEKSTATIST INT .EXT BUF, LIXED .TIME; INT .PIN; INT
	티		RESERVELCBS RVELCBS (RECEIVECNI, in		SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL .NAME; EN;		CAMPLE 1992-12-04 12 SYSTEM.ZGUARD.PCPUCTL(PCPUCTL 1991-08-06 SETPEEKSTATISTICS (CE CPU, BUE, TIME; TIME; SYSTEM; SYSTEM; SYSTEM; INT RIABLE INT
		>	?SECTION PROC RES INT INT EXTERNAL	>>	?SECTION INT PROC STRING INT I EXTERNAL;	>>	\$SYSTEM.SAVE.E \$SYSTEM.SAVE.E \$SYSTEM.ZGUARD
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000000			0000000	TN	000000		file::00000000000000000000000000000000000
4150.	444444 66666 86668 411. 66686 656	NAME	4444444 688888888 68864444 6886011284	RECEIVECNT SENDCNT	59945 59973 59973 59973	LEN NAME	Source Source Source Ource 111980 11992 1995 1995 1995 1995

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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	GETPEEKCONFIGURATION (CPU, BUF, LEN, TIME, PIN, SYSTEM) CPU, BUF, LEN, TIME; TIME; SYSTEM;	EXT Pointer L-012 Direct L-013 Direct L-010 Indirect L-006 Direct L-005 Indirect L-007	
\$SYSTEM.ZGUARD.PCPUCTL Copyright 199	INT PROC GETPEEKCONFIGURATION (CPU, B) INT CPU, EXT BUF, LEN; FIXED TIME; INT SYSTEM; EXTERNAL;	Variable INT Variable INT Variable INT Variable INT Variable INT Variable INT	file: [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE 1992-12-04 12:13:07
STEM	00000000		\$8
\$33	00000000		E 9
[3]	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		file:
Page 4	0.012.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	BUF CPU LEN PIN SYSTEM TIME	Source

	, *		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		* & JUME		**					
rd Inc.	***************************************	erinitions for the	The names chosen for the pre and post user hooks are only used as an example and these procedures can and could be named other names.	we pre and post user hooks of paramaters and or names or added to.	In this example the pre user hook procedure "before TOSVERSION CALL" is called from the intercept TOSVERSION procedure passing the Tandem Guardian procedure TOSVERSION address.	In this example the post user hook procedure "after TOSVERSION CALL" is called from the intercept TOSVERSION procedure passing the Tandem Guardian version level received from the Tandem Guardian procedure TOSVERSION.	***************************************	dure^address);	L-003	level);	L-003	
Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	******	Below are the pre and post EXTERNAL user nook definitions for the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION intercept procedures.	the pre and post us procedures can and	parameters chosen to be passed to the pre and post used only for example and the number of paramaters and could be changed, deleted, and or added to.	pre user hook proced ntercept TOSVERSION OSVERSION address.	post user hook proce ntercept TOSVERSION ion level received f	******	PROC before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVERSION procedure address INT TOSVERSION procedure address; EXTERNAL;	Direct	PROC after^TOSVERSION^CALL(Guardian^version^level); INT Guardian^version^level; EXTERNAL;	Direct	
Copyr	* * * * * * * * * *	e and post rosversion	chosen for e and these	eters chosen only for exi ould be cha	xample the from the i procedure TO	In this example the p is called from the in Tandem Guardian versi procedure TOSVERSION.	*****	SVERSION^CA. ON^procedur	INI	VERSION^CAL	INT	
SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	*****	selow are the pre andem Guardian ?	NOTE : The names an example	The param are used (In this ey is called Guardian	In this es is called Tandem Gu procedure	*****	PROC before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVER INT TOSVERSION 'procedure address; EXTERNAL;	Variable	PROC after^TOSVERSION^CALL(G INT Guardian^version^level; EXTERNAL;	Variable	
SAVE.	* I	 	2 				_≟_		IRE^ADDRESS			-
STEM.	0000	000	000	0000	0000	0000	000	0000	3^ADE	0000	EVEL	-
[1] \$SYS	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0000	000000				0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000 1	OSVERSION^PROCEDUR	000000 0 000000 0 000000 1 000000 1	H	0 00000
Page 5	66. 67.	70.	73.	775.	88 80. 81.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	. 88 9	909. 91. 92.	TOSVERSIO	99999 995.	GUARDIAN^VERSION^	70

[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	[*************************************	00	0 0 00	0 0 00	00	0 0 00	000000 0 0 ![When program unit(s) use this program unit as a library, this program unit] 000000 0 0 ![will intercept the TOSVERSION CALL to the Tandem Guardian operating system]	0 0 0 0	0 0 00	1: 0 0 00	000000 0 0 ![their initialization process, it is a good candidate to intercept, so that] 000000 0 0 1 the original program unit(s) can be enhanced and or modified	0 0 00	000000 0 0 ! In This example, TOSVERSION will be intercepted in order to allow user	0 0 00	0 0 0 0	000000 0 0 1 unit(s).	[*************************************	i 0 0 000000
	000000	00	00	00	00	0	0	00	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000
Page 6	99. 100. 101.	102.	104.	106. 107.	108. 109.	110.	111.	113.	115.	116.	117.	119.	120.	121.	122.	124.	125.	126.

Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	RSION;		.Copyright[0:15] := ["Copyright By Overlord Inc., 1992"], .Author[0:8] := ["Donald J. Kennedy "], .overlord version[0:14] := ["G90c30.06.00.0136Fc30.06.210.00"].	و ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا	ี เก๋า เก๋า	:0 =:	<pre>pre^user^hook^present := @before^TOSVERSION^CALL, post^user^hook^present := @after^TOSVERSION^CALL;</pre>	<pre>version^level := 0, TOSVERSION^address := 0;</pre>
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	INT PROC TOSVERSION;	BEGIN	INI	INI			INI	INI
SAVE.	E	-	•			_	-	<u>-</u>
EK.	000	50 -					, , ,-	
SYS	00-			. 		⊶ ⊷		
[1]	0000		00000	0000020	000050	000050	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Page 7	128.	131.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	136. 137.	138. 139.	140.	1422	11445 1465

\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	, 等于 计设计设计 计分类 计分类 计分类 计分类 计分类 计分类 计分类 计分类 计分类 计分	! NOTE: Using this program unit as a library program unit :	System Library;	If this program unit is going to be used as a System Library [![pre-exsisting System Library.	<pre>![The "TOSVERSION'name" variable should be changed to the new name, ![also the "TOSVERSION'name^length" variable should be changed to tl ![length in BYTES of the new name.</pre>	If This program unit should then be compiled and BOUND with the propries of the propries of the propries of the OSIMAGE of the	<pre>" WARNING : Do not CALL ABEND, DEBUG or STOP in any user hooks if " this program unit will be used as a System Library " program unit.</pre>	<pre>! With pre-exsisting User Library;</pre>	This program unit should be compiled and BOUND with the [pre-exsisting User Library program unit and a new User library [program unit should be created and linked to the proper program unit(s).	User Library;	This program unit should be compiled and then linked with the proper program unit(s).	
LEM.													
SYS.													
w	000020	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	200	000020 000050 000050	920	0000050	000020	000020	000050	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000020
[1]	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000		0000050	000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		000000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Page 8				156. 157. 158.						175.		1885.	

Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	i [1 ![NOTE: Using this program unit as part of a MAIN program unit:	1 ! This program unit can be combined with a pre-exsisting MAIN program	1 ! unit by doing the following:	i i A. BIND this program unit into a pre-exsisting MAIN program unit.	1 :[1 :
	٦,						-	-	.
	~			, , ,			-	-	~
	000020	00000	000050	00000	000020	000000	000020	000020	000020
i n	188.	190.	191.	193.	194.	196.	197.	198.	199.

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Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.		[0:4] := ["TOSVERSION"],	TOSVERSION^name^length := 10;		ne := @TOSVERSION^name '<<' 1;		TOSVERSION^address := SYSTEMENTRYPOINTLABEL(s^TOSVERSION^name,	TOSVERSION^name^length);	
Copyrig		.TOSVERSION'name[TOSVERSION^name^		STRING .s^TOSVERSION^name		RSION^address := SY		
age 10 [1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE		INI			STRIN		TOSVE		
ı.sav									
百百	Н		_	-	~		-	-	1
SX	-	_	-		-	-	-	_	_
(11)	000000	00000	000055	000055	000055	000055	000055 1	000127	000134
age 10	201.	202.	203.	204.	205.	206.	207.	208.	209.

	:			.—			*	,			
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.			! Check to see if the pre^user hook procedure is present and if so then CALL	! [the before TOSVERSION CALL prior to executing the Tandem Guardian	! [TOSVERSION CALL and pass the address of the TOSVERSION procedure.	•	- ************************************		IF pre^user^hook^present > 0 THEN	CALL before TOSVERSION CALL (TOSVERSION address);	
E E	₩.		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
\$ S Y 5	-			_		_	-	_	-	7	-
[1]	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000134	000137	000142
Page 11	211.	212. 213.	214.	215.	216.	217.	218.	219.	220.	221.	222

[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	**************************************		! NOTE : It is possible that the before TOSVERSION CALL procedure could	[execute a RETURN statement with it's own values which would return	<pre>![control to the originating program unit(s) and not execute the</pre>	[remaining intructions in this procedure.	-	[This could be of value to the user if some program unit(s) must	![be told that they are on operating system versions that they are	<pre>![not really on and do not require the real operating system version</pre>	to be checked.		······································	
TEW.		ı —		1	, 1	,	 1		,	-	-	-		
SXS			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	, ,		
	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142	000142
Page 12	224.	226.	227.	228.	229.	230.	231.	232.	233.	234.	235.	236.	237.	238.

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\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.			. ![CALL the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure and get the Tandem Guardian]	[operating system release level.		【中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中中	-	7RP 0		STACK TOSVERSION~address;	CODE (DPCI);	STORE version^level;	-
(STE		~·	-		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
S.	22	75	2	25	25	<u>2</u>	42	72	25	72	43	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5.
[1]	000142	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001	0001
Page 13	240. 241.	242.	243.	244.	245.	246.	247.	248.	249.	250.	251.	252.	253

	*********	then CALL the J		*****			
[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	************************	<pre>! Check to see if the post^user hook is present and if so then CALL the ! after^TOSVERSION^CALL prior to returing the value of the Tandem Guardian</pre>	[Operating system level to the originating program unit (s		IF bost^user^hook^bresent > 0 THEN	CALL after^TOSVERSION^CALL { version^level };	
TEM.	ннн			. -	-	-	-
\$ 2 X.	444		H H		- - -	-	-
[1]	000145 000145 000145	000145	000145	000145	000145	000150	000153
age 14	255. 256. 257.	258. 259.	260. 261.	262.	264.	265.	266

							-
rage 15 [1] \$5151Em:5AvE:EAM: LE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	■ ************************************	NOTE : It is possible that the after TOSVERSION CALL procedure could execute a RETURN statement with it's own values which would return	control to the originating program unit(s) and not execute the remaining intructions in this procedure.	This could be of value to the user if some program unit (s) must	l not really on, but do require that the real operating system version that the real operating system version		
e S		-1 1 1	, 1 1			-1 1	-
1616	~~~			 			٦.
?÷	000153	000153 000153 000153	000153 000153	000153	000153	000153	000153
CT under	268 269.	271.	273.	275.	278.	280.	282

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							17 17 11 10 10
							034462 027117 070445 170411 003712
							030471 030060 070434 024744 000025
							000 000 000 000 000 000 000
							026040 033056 070414 100012 170403 001000
	—						061456 027060 047516 070464 026047 125003
	*************************	ill the	*******************				044556 031460 051511 0000002 100011 044410
	* * *	which will CALL to the	***				062040 0 030103 0 042522 0 000454 0 003706 1 027000 0
	*		* * * * *				0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	*	ocedu) ade tl	* * * *			721030283004112	067562 043471 051526 020376 000025 024711
Inc.	*	ON pro hat ma	* * * *			LL+0001 LL+0001 LL+0000 LL+0000 LL+0000 LL+0010 LL+0010 LL+0010 LL+0010 LL+0010	071154 074440 052117 000000 170402 040412
lord	*	VERSI nit t]	****				
over	* * * *	n TOS Fram u	* * * * *			Indirect Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Indirect Direct	000010 000030 000050 000010 000110 000130
2, by	*	ardia prog	* * * *			Indirect Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct	
Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc	* * * *	e from the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure back to the original program unit that made the TOSVERSION procedure.	****				073145 062544 030060 010401 026047 170413
oyrigl	*	Tanc Tanc	***	:		ତ୍ର	020117 067156 030056 024700 100020 026047
ပိ	*	e from the T back to the TOSVERSION	* * * *	leve.		INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT	71 02 71 03 73 10 73 10 6 00 76 00
	*	te fro back	****	sion^level			041171 045545 040461 0000454 003673 100005
	* * *	the value control Guardian	****	RN ver		Variable	072040 027040 033056 020376 000025
MPLE	*****	RN th rn co	**********	RETURN	END;	Variable	063550 0 020112 0 027060 0 000000 0 170401 0 000025 0
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	* * *	RETURN return Tandem	****		E)		
.sav							071151 066144 031460 010401 002055 170411
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\$88	000		າຕເ	ກຕະ	ດນ	N PRES RESE ME ESS ALEN	070171 067141 042103 024733 024700 026047
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16	4.5.				4.rū	AUTHOR COPYRIGHT E C L L COVERIGHT COVERIGE COVERIORD OVERS COVERSION OVERSION OVERS	
Page	200	000000	7,010	200	252	AUTHOR COPYRIGHT G G L L OVERLORD^L POST VUSER'S S TOSVERSION TOSVERSION TOSVERSION TOSVERSION	000000 0000020 0000040 0000060 0001100 0001140

YSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	before TOSVERSION CALL: This procedure (IF PRESENT) can intercept the pre-exaisting CALL to TOSVERSION prior to the CALL being placed. Several uses can be made of this user how. The following list is just a sample of this user how. The following list is just a sample of this user how. The following list is just a sample of this user to more possible ways this user how. The following list is just a sample of this user to make of this user to the TOSVERSION. A. Do not call the real TOSVERSION instead RETURN a value from here. C. Log a message that the pre-establing instructions CALL TOSVERSION. E. Count the number of times that TOSVERSION is CALLED. E. Count the number of times that TOSVERSION. E. Count the number of times that TOSVERSION. E. Count the number of the time pre-establing instructions CALL TOSVERSION. E. Count the number of the pre-establing instructions CALL TOSVERSION. E. Count the number of the pre-establing instructions CALL TOSVERSION. E. Count the number of the pre-establing instructions CALL TOSVERSION. E. Count the number of the pre-establing instructions CALL TOSVERSION. E. Callinace pre-exaisting data values in the program unit (s). E. Callinace pre-exaisting data values in the program unit (s). E. Callinace pre-exaisting data values in the program unit (s). E. Callinace pre-exaisting computer instructions without the need of the original authors and or inventors guidance or expertise. E. Callinace pre-exaisting computer instructions and be placed in this area that should be executed. E. Callinace that the REAL TOSVERSION procedure CALL being made if needed. E. Callinace that the REAL TOSVERSION procedure CALL being made if needed. E. Callinace that the REAL TOSVERSION procedure CALL being made if needed. E. Callinace that the tended prior the the REAL TOSVERSION procedure CALL being made if needed. E. Callinace that the tended prior the the REAL TOSVERSION procedure CALL being made if needed. E. Callinace that the call that the tended in this state that the tended that	Vallable in Direct	- 0 (
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Page 17	2298 2298 2398	108VERS10	341.

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[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.			! after TOSVERSION CALL : This procedure (IF PRESENT) can intercept the	! pre-exsisting CALL to TOSVERSION after the CALL was placed. Several	! [uses can be made of this user hook. The following list is just a sample	! of one or more possible ways this user hook could be used:		![A. Do not RETURN the value from TOSVERSION, instead RETURN another value.	! B. Add additional computer instructions after the TOSVERSION CALL.	! C. Log a message that the pre-exsisting instructions CALL TOSVERSION.	! D. Log a message of the times pre-exsisting instructions CALL TOSVERSION.	! E. Count the times that TOSVERSION is CALLED.	! F. Calculate the time it took to call TOSVERSION.	!{ G. Gain access to pre-exsisting data values in the program unit(s).	Change pre-exsisting data values in the program		! The user can change the scope of the original program unit by using this	! [hook without one or more of the requirements listed earlier. This allows	! [the user to have additional options and control on the modification and or	! enhancements of the pre-exsisting computer instructions without the need	! of the original authors and or inventors, quidance and or expertise.		************************************		PROC after TOSVERSION CALL (Guardian version level);	INT Guardian version level;	
TEM	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	>
SAS	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Н.	4
(1)	000000	00000	00000	00000	00000	000000	000000	000000	00000	000000	000000	000000	000000	00000	000000	000000	00000	00000	00000	00000	00000	000000	00000	00000	000000	00000	20000
age 18	343. 344.	345.	346.	347.	348.	349.	350.	351.	352.	353.	354.	355.	356.	357.	358.	359.	360.	361.	362.	363.	364.	365.	366.	367.	368.	369.	٠٠٠

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	1992,
	Copyright
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	
\$SYSTEM.S.	
[1]	

	• ************************************		[NOTE : This procedure can be removed from this program unit if needed.		[If left empty, it will still be called, but no additional	logic will be executed.		[User computer instructions can be placed in this area that	[should be executed after the the REAL TOSVERSION procedure CALL	[is made, if needed.		***************************************	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-	~	.	-	-	-	-	Н	-	-	-	Н	.	_
000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000
372.	373.	374.	375.	376.	377.	378.	379.	380.	381.	382.	383.	384.	385

\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	***************************************	The following example is one of may uses that this user hook could be used	for.	EXAMPLE: This hook will allow pre-exsisting program unit(s) using this	program unit as a library and making a CALL to TOSVERSION from the original program unit(s), to also CALL the RESERVELCBS	procedure, before returning control back to the original program	unit(s).	Some of the pre-exsisting program units may CALL the Tandem	Guardian procedure RESERVELCBS later, in this case the later CALL	will overring the this CALL to RESERVELCES and may require that the	KENSEKVELNED DE INTERCEPTER AND STRILLAR MOSE HOUS LOGIC DE PLACEU in the mast hoof "hefore-REGERS/CAII".		NOTE : The RESERVELCBS intercept procedure as well as the	before RESERVEICES CALL and after RESERVEICES CALL are	not included in this example but the intercebt CONCEPT considered in this	would be also same, and could also be incorporated in this process in the	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Other pre-exsisting program unit(s) may not currently CALL the	RESERVELCES procedure. This user hook will allow these original	pre-existing program unit(s) to be modified and enhanced to CALL	Che Reservations procedure it the proper system resources are	available and these pre-exsisting program unit(s) make a CALL	to the Tandem Guardian TOSVERSION procedure.	*************************	
. SAV									_			-					-		=						-
STEM	000	00	00	0	00	0	00	0	0	00	> =	0	0	0	00	-	0	0	0	0	> 0	0	00	0	=
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[1]	000000	000000	000000	00000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000	000000		000000	00000	00000	00000		000000	000000	000000	000000	00000	000000	000000	000000	00000
Page 20	387. 388.	000 000 000	391.	393	394 994	396.	397.	399.	400.	401.	405	404.	405.	406.	407.	.007	410.	411.	412.	413.	77.	415.	416.	418.	0

Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	:= ["Copyright 1992, By Overlord Inc."], := ["Donald J. Kennedy"], := ["G90C30.06.00.OLRDC30.06.A10.00"];		e; tueued; emory; queued; sy;
Copyright	.Copyright[0:15] .Author[0:8] .overlord^version[0:14]	STRUCT cpu^config^values(*); BEGIN INT processor^type; INT total^pcbs; INT memory^size; INT mappool^size; INT total^lcbs;	STRUCT cpu^current^values(*); BEGIN FIXED delta^time^cpu^idle; INT items^on^ready^list; FIXED delta^time^ready^queued; INT (32) page^fault^count; INT (32) dispatch^count; FIXED delta^time^memory^queued INT (32) dispatch^count; FIXED delta^time^send^busy; INT (32) dispatch^count; INT (32) cache^hit^count; INT (32) cache^hit^count; INT (32) cache^hit^count; INT current^locked; INT cur
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	BEGIN INT .Co	STRUCT CPU BEGIN INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT I	STRUCT cpur BEGIN FIXED INT FIXED INT (32)
TEM	001111	-11000000000	12222222222222222
SYS	нненне		
[1] \$	000000 000000 000000 000000 0000020 0000031		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Page 21	4444221. 444223.	######################################	44444444444444444444444444444444444444

		::		
rlord Inc.	<pre>nfig^values</pre>	= \$XADR(cpu^config^buffer = \$XADR(cpu^current^buffer		0, %LEN(cpu^config^values), %LEN(cpu^current^values) [12 * [" "]];
Ove	onfi urre) = c)	11 II		
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	<pre>INT .cpu^config^buffer [0:(\$LEN(cpu^config^values .cpu^current^buffer[0:(\$LEN(cpu^current^values .cpu^config (cpu^config^values) = cpu^config^ .cpu^current(cpu^current^values) = cpu^config^ .current^program^file^name;</pre>	INT .EXT x^cpu^config^buffer .EXT x^cpu^current^buffer	INT my^cpu my^system^number my^pin my^pin current^percent^lcbs^free allocate^send^lcbs	allocate receive lobs program loop counter cpu config length cpu current length .my program file name [0:11]
AVE.1		<u>-</u>		
EM.S				
YST			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
ŞS	0000000	0000	2000000	000050 000050 000050 000050
[1]	0000050 0000050 0000050 0000050 0000050	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000020 000020 000020 000020 000020 000020	000050 000050 000050 000050 000050
Page 22	444444446 00000000000000000000000000000	470.	. 44444444 - 6704 - 684 - 684	44444444444444444444444444444444444444

1992, by Overlord Inc.	******************	e sectings are located nere "max^programs" to increase the	֓֞֝֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	*	0; ! At least 40% of the LCB's must be free ! in order to RESERVE the LCB's in the ! table. IF not, no LCB's will be reserved! even if the file name is found.	15, ! maximum programs that the table can hold 6, ! Size of each table entry max^programs * entry^length;	able^size - 1] :=	e Program E Entry Number	12		27.00	1 O u	13 3 2 2 3 3 3 5 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1, 114		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	BER;
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE Copyright 1992,	***************************************	ine unresnord and add more programs cha	the program'file'name'table and RECEIVE LCB values to th program'file'name'table". I monty table space will not t	**************************************	<pre>INT lcb^saftey^threshold := 40;</pre>	LITERAL max^programs = 15, entry^length = 6, table^size = max	INT program^file^name^table[0:table^size	Program Reserve Reserve File SEND RECEIVE Name LCB's LCB's	V ", 2	"COMINT", 1 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 2 "EDIT", 1 , 2 , 2 "ENFORM", 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9 , 9	PECT ", 1		SERV ", 2	"TAL ", 2 , 2 " , 2 " + UNUSED*", 1 , 1	FIXED my^time := 0F;	my^pid := MYPID; my^pin := my^pid.<8:15>; my^cpu.<8:15> := my^pid.<0:7>;	ber:=
SYSTEM.SA		 	 						 					- 	 	+	
[1] \$5	0000064	000064	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000064	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000064	0000064	0000064 0000064 0000072	000100 000106 000114	000130	000152	000166	0000202	000216	000216 000320 000323	000330
Page 23	4486 4887.	4 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4444 9999 9999	444	4.44.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	00000 00000 00000	508.	511. 512.	514. 515.	516. 517. 518.	520.	523.	525. 526.	527.	530 230 100	00000 00000 40000	535.

(1) \$313124.3AVE.BAANTELE Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.	"一个个个个人们的,不是不不是,不是不会有一个有一个有一个有一个有一个有一个有一个有一个,我们们们的一个一个,我们们们的一个一个,我们们们的一个一个,我们们们的		Get current system status to see what percent of LCB's are free		********************************		CALL GETPEEKCONFIGURATION (mv^cpu,	x^cpu^confia^buffer,	cpu^config^lenath,	mv^time,	mv^bin,	my system);		CALL GETPEEKSTATISTICS (mv^cpu,	x^cpu^current^buffer,	cpu^current^length.	mv^time	my^bin,	my^system^number);	
E			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
101	 .				_	~+	 		_		, -i	,	-	 1		.	-	.	.	_
c.	000332	000332	000332	000332	000332	000332	000332	000332	000332	000332	000332	000332	000346	000346	000346	000346	000346	000346	000346	000362
raye 24	538.	540.	541.	542.	543.	544.	545.	546.	547.	548.	549.	550.	551.	552.	553.	554.	555.	556.	557.	ຜ

```
F. current program file name = my program file name [8] FOR 4 THEN BEGIN allocate send lcbs := current program file name [4]; allocate receive lcbs := current program file name [5]; END; END;
                                                                                                                                                           - 1 ) DO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              IF lcb^saftey^threshold < current^percent^lcbs^free THEN
BEGIN
    CALL PROGRAMFILENAME( my^program^file^name );
    FOR program^loop^counter := 0 TO ( max^programs -
    BEGIN
    IF current^program^file^name = my^program^file</pre>
                                                                                        @current^program^file^name := @program^file^name^table;
           Copyright 1992, by Overlord Inc.
                                     Direct
Direct
Indirect
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Variable
Variable
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Variable
$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ALLOCATE'RECEIVE'LCBS
ALLOCATE'SEND'LCBS
ALLOCATE'SEND'LCBS
AUTHOR
COUNCINT
COUNCONFIG
COUNCONFIG'S BUFFER
COUNCONFIG'NETHER
COUNCONFIG'NETHER
COUNCONFIG'NETHER
I TOTAL'PE
I TOTAL'PE
I TOTAL'PE
I TOTAL'TES
I TOTAL'BES
I TEMS'OUN'READY'QUEUED
I PAGE'RUIT'COUNT
I TEMS'OUN'READY'COUNT
I DELTA'TIME'NEMORY'QUEUED
I DISPATCH'COUNT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        END;
Page 25
```

		061456 027117 0200040 0200040 0200002 047522 0000001 130001 1704711 1704711 1704711 044416 044410 044400 044400
		00445 0030056 0020040 00200040 002011125 00405114 0020040 11704565 11704565 01706050 01706050 01706050 01706050 01706050 01706050 01706050 01706050 01706050
		062040 025040 020040 020040 0413117 0413117 041516 041516 000001 00001 00001 00001 00001 00001 00001 00001 00001 00001 00001 00001
		067562 0227060 0227060 0460040 045516 045516 0521115 005201 003524 003524 100132 006110 170406
		031154 0311460 02101040 022040 022040 024400 024400 0003551 0003551 0002234 0000225 0000225 0000225 0000225 00002234 00002234
		030103 030103 020040 041010 041010 041010 0610 06110 0
	117 2 2 6 2 2 6 11 6 11 6 11 7 11 1	020117 043471 0200020 0200042 0200042 051520 047125 047125 040414 040414 1170406 010106
rd Inc.	00. 00. 00. 00. 00. 00. 00. 00. 00. 00.	041171 0741440 0200040 0200040 0400000 044516 025125 025125 025125 026047 0100000 044000 044000 044000 044000 044000 044000 044000 044000
overlord	Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct Direct S000006 Direct \$000017 Direct	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
2, by	DDirector DDIREC	
jht 1992,		02604 062504 033064 044524 000460 00046223 0003233 0003233 0003203 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 000330 0000
Copyright	INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT INT	034462 0641156 0420256 0420256 0420256 042002 040421 0404413 0404413 040421
		030471 0045545 0040461 0040461 0050040 0060625 0070040 0070000 0070000 007000 007000 007000 007000 007000 007000 007000 007000
	64,2 70,2 72,2 72,2 72,2 72,2 74,2 74,2 74,2 74	072040 0237040 0431011 0611111 062001111 062001111 062001111 06301110 0630110 0701327 1170425 1170425 1170425
EXAMPLE	Varit Varit Varit Varit Varit Varit Varit Varit Varit	0633 0023 00201112 00201040 00500040 00500040 00500040 00500040 0050040 0074001 0074016 0144405 0134405 0134405
\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	REE AME	071151 0661144 0201440 021460 021024 043125 0521001 0224700 0000000 000017 000017 000017 000015 000015
\$SYSTE	UNT ED POOL S S S *LCBS^F ^LCBS^F *LLC^L SHOLD *NAME R *NAME R *NAME TRETER	0701171 0671141 0671141 072103 072103 07010125 07010125 07010125 0701017 070107 070107 070107 070107 070107 070107 070107 070107 070107 070107 070107 070107
[1]	PCB^FREE^COUNT MEMORY^LOCKED CURRENT^SYSPOOL CURRENT^SYSPOOL CURRENT^LES CURRENT^LES CURRENT^LES CURRENT^PECEN CURRENT^PECEN CURRENT^PECEN CURRENT^PECEN CURRENT^PECEN CURRENT^PECEN CURRENT^PECEN CURRENT^PECEN COURRENT^PECEN COURTES COURTER COURTER COURTER COURTER CURRENT^BUFFER CURRENT^BUFFER CURRENT^BUFFER CURRENT^BUFFER CURRENT^BUFFER CURRENT^BUFFER CURRENT^BUFFER	041557 0421557 0206122 0206122 0410103 05001003 0501003 050103 002131 002416 002416 002416 002416 002416 002416 002416 002400 000200
Page 26	1 PCB^FERECCOUNT 1 MEMORY^LOCKED 1 CURRENT^SYSPOOL 1 CURRENT^MAPPOOL 1 CURRENT^ILES 1 CURRENT^ILES 1 CURRENT^PILES 1 CURRENT^PERCENT_ICBS^FREE CURRENT^PERCENT_ICBS^FREE CURRENT^PERCENT_ICBS^FREE CURRENT^PERCENT_ICBS^FREE CURRENT^PERCENT_ICBS^FREE CURRENT^PERCENT_ICBS^FREE CURRENT^PERCENT_ICBS^FREE FOR SAFTEY^THRESHOLD MY^CFU MY^PEROGRAM^FILE^NAME MY^PEROGRAM^FILE^NAME MY^PEROGRAM^FILE^NAME MY^FERORPA^FILE^NAME MY^FERORPA^FILE^NAME TABLE PROGRAM^ICOP^CCOUNTER TABLE SROGRAM^ICOP^CCOUNTER TABLE SROGRAM^ICOP^CCOUNTER TABLE SROGRAM^ICOPPCOUNTER X^CFU^CCURRENT^BUFFER	00000000000000000000000000000000000000

MAP
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\$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	.	Proc		Proc			BET.
[1] \$8	ABEND AFTER-TOSVERSION-CALL BEFORE-TOSVERSION-CALL	DEBUG GETPEEKCONFIGURATION	ATISTICS	MBER	CENAME	RESERVELCBS	ATTMT COVE
Page 27	ABEND AFTER^TOS\ BEFORE^TOS	DEBUG	GETPEEKSTATISTICS	MYSYSTEMNUMBER	PROGRAMFILENAME	ESERVELCE	VSTEMENT

		E TIME LANGUAGE SOURCE FILE	4DEC92 12:28 TAL \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE 94DEC92 12:28 TAL \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE 94DEC92 12:28 TAL \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE
LOAD MAPS		DATE	04DI 04DI 04DI
	NTRY POINT MAP BY NAME FOR FILE: \CLXA.\$WORK.COE.cpatent2	NAME	AFTER TOSVERSION CALL BEFORE TOSVERSION CALL TOSVERSION
XAMPLE	LE: \CLX	ATTRS	
[1] \$SYSTEM.SAVE.EXAMPLE	E FOR FI	ENTRY	000401 000162 000062
ŞSYSTEI	BY NAM	LIMIT ENTRY	000163 000642 000401 000162 000162 000162 000005 000161 000062
	INT MAP	BASE	000163 000162 000005
Page 28	RY PO	SP PEP	004 003 002
Ä	EN	SP	200

WO 94/14114 PCT/US93/11506

- 51 -

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An apparatus for translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function, wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, comprising:

circuitry for detecting a step from the pre-existing method which is a candidate for a translation; and

circuitry for determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response to the determining steps, executing the set of pre-translation steps where indicated.

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- 2. An apparatus according to claim 1 further including means for determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps is to be executed after executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response thereto, executing the post steps where indicated.
- 3. A process of translating one or more steps of a pre-existing method for carrying out a predetermined function, wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, in accordance with the apparatus of claim 1, comprising:

detecting a step from the pre-existing method which is a candidate for a translation; and

determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-translation set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response to the determining step, executing the set of pre-translation steps where indicated.

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4. The process of claim 3 further including the step of:

determining if a previously defined, user supplied, post-translation set of steps is to be executed after executing any predetermined translation steps, and in response thereto, executing the post steps where indicated.

5. A method of executing a predefined set of steps, including altering one or more of the steps in a predetermined fashion wherein user defined steps can be incorporated therein, in accordance with the apparatus of claim 1, comprising:

detecting a step which is a candidate for alteration;

executing the altering steps; and
determining if a previously defined, user
supplied, post-alteration set of steps is to be executed
after executing the set of post-alteration steps where
indicated.

6. The method of claim 5 further including, after the detecting step, the step of:

determining if a previously defined, user supplied, pre-alteration set of steps is to be executed before executing any predetermined altering steps, and in response to the determining step, executing the set of pre-alteration steps where indicated.

7. A method of intercepting and modifying pre-existing instructions at run time in a computer program being executed in an apparatus as in claim 1, comprising:

intercepting a selected instruction and determining if it is a candidate for modification;

WO 94/14114 PCT/US93/11506

- 53 -

determining if an alterable, previously defined, pre-modification set of instructions is to be executed, and in response thereto, executing the pre-modification set of instructions, if any; and

modifying or executing the intercepted instruction.

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8. The method of claim 7 further including the step of:

determining if an alterable, previously defined, post-modification set of instructions is to be executed, and in response thereto, executing the post-modification set of instructions, if any.

9. A method of allocating resources within a multiple node, multiple processor system, wherein at least some of the nodes are spaced apart and are interconnected by communication links, wherein one or more of the processors includes an apparatus as in claim 1, the method comprising:

carrying out a sequence of steps in a predetermined process in a selected processor at one of the nodes;

detecting a step in the sequence which is to be carried out and which is a candidate for run-time modification;

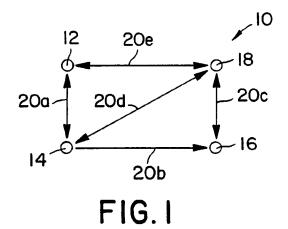
intercepting the detected step and evaluating if a previously defined, operator supplied, pre-modification set of steps exists;

interrupting the sequence and executing the operator supplied pre-modification set of steps as indicated;

modifying the candidate step using a predetermined sequence of one or more predetermined modifier steps;

subsequent to the modifying step, evaluating if a previously defined, operator supplied, post-modification set of steps exists;

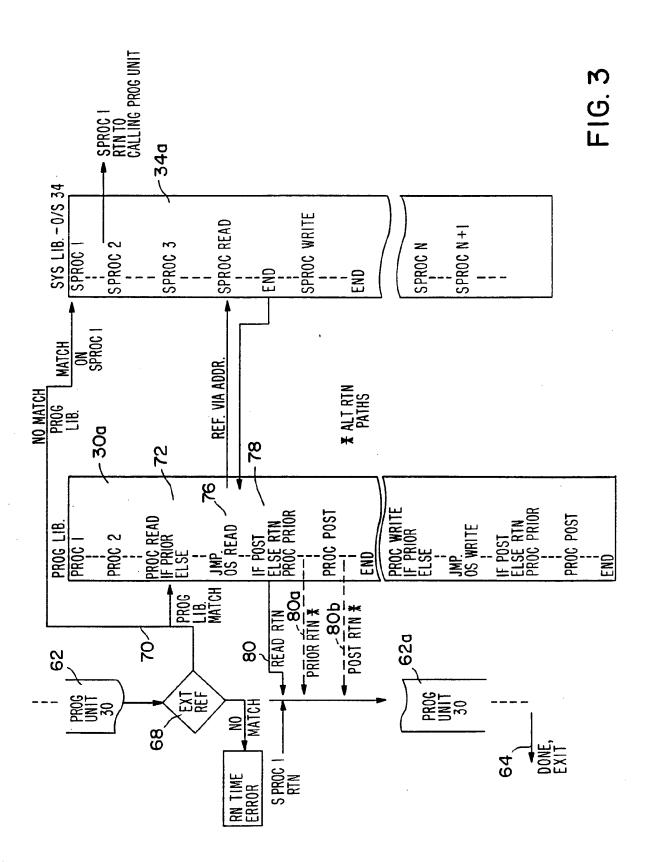
executing the operator supplied, postmodification set of steps as indicated; and
returning to the sequence of steps immediately
after the detected step, thereby continuing the process.

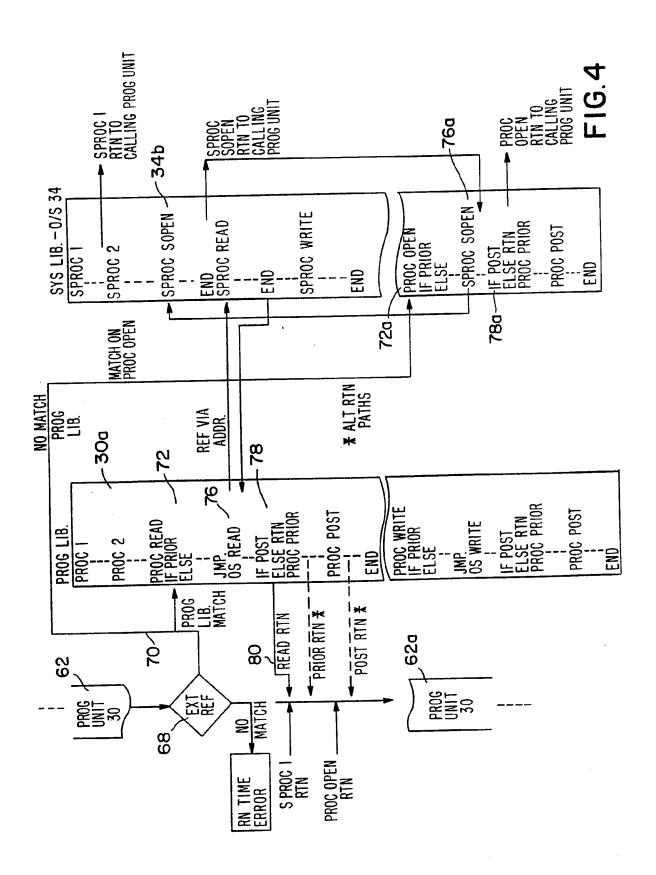


OPERATOR INTERF.

| 30a | 36 |
| PROG. | 30 |
| O/S 34 |
| CPU 32

FIG. 2





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US93/11506

IPC(5) US CL	SSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER :GO6F 9/00; 13/14 :395/375 o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	national classification and IPC				
	DS SEARCHED					
	ocumentation searched (classification system followed 395/375, 700	d by classification symbols)				
Documentat	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	e extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched			
[lata base consulted during the international search (na arch terms: service routine, request, call	me of data base and, where practicable	, search terms used)			
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.			
X	US, A, 5,109,515 (Laggis et al), 28 April 1992 See abstract. See column 2, lines 37-60, column 3, lines 4-29, column 5, lines 44-68, column 6, lines 14-36, column 7, lines 11-35, and figures 3 and 4.					
Y,P	1-9					
X Y	US, A, 4,768,150 (Chang et al) See abstract, column 2, lines 65- 53.	1-9				
X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.						
A do to	ecial categories of cited documents: cument defining the general state of the art which is not considered be part of particular relevance clier document published on or after the international filing date cument which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is	"T" later document published after the integrate and not in conflict with the applic principle or theory underlying the invalve and document of particular relevance; considered novel or cannot be considered to the document is taken alone	ation but cited to understand the ention to claimed invention cannot be			
cit apo "O" do me	e claimed invention cannot be step when the document is h documents, such combination he art					
the	cument published prior to the international filing date but later than priority date claimed	*&" document member of the same patent				
Date of the 19 Januar	actual completion of the international search y 1994	Date of mailing of the international sea	arch report			
Commissio Box PCT	nailing address of the ISA/US ner of Patents and Trademarks n, D.C. 20231	Authorized officer Parsh Lall				
Facsimile N						

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US93/11506

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No		
ζ Υ	US, A, 5,124,909 (Blakely et al) 23 June 1992 See abstract, column 1, lines 25-68, and column 2, lines 1-13.	1-9		
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	en e			
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